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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/582,923	10/10/2008	Christoph Becke	2003P01918WOUS	9209
46726 7590 05/26/2011 BSH HOME APPLIANCES CORPORATION INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY DEPARTMENT 100 BOSCH BOULEVARD			EXAMINER	
			ROHRHOFF, DANIEL J	
NEW BERN, NC 28562			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3637	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/26/2011	ELECTRONIC

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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Office Action Summary  The MAILING DATE of this communication appeared for Reply  A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING I	LY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MON DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT	TH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS,	
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<ul> <li>Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.</li> <li>If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period</li> <li>Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).</li> </ul>	te, cause the application to become ABAND	pe timely filed from the mailing date of this communication. ONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13.  2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ Th  3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters,	·	
Disposition of Claims			
4)  Claim(s) 11-30 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdress 5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)  Claim(s) 11-30 is/are rejected. 7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/ Application Papers	awn from consideration.		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examination The drawing(s) filed on 13 June 2006 is/are: Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corresponding to the	a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected edrawing(s) be held in abeyance.	See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	Examiner. Note the attached Of	fice Action or form PTO-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documer 2. Certified copies of the priority documer 3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri application from the International Bures * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Appli ority documents have been rec au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	cation No eived in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6/13/06.	4) Interview Sumr Paper No(s)/Ma 5) Notice of Inforn 6) Other:		

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Specification

1. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: the specification does not contain section headings; and in paragraph 6 the specification refers to claims 1 & 9. The specification should not refer to a specific claim because claims are subject to change during prosecution of the application. Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 3. Claims 17 & 21-30 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 4. Regarding claim 17, the claim limitation "with different color change temperatures" is indefinite.
- 5. Regarding claim 24, the claim limitation "that change color change in response to the temperature within the region" is indefinite. The claim will be examined as if it read that change color in response to the temperature within the region. -- Appropriate correction is required.
- 6. Regarding claims 21 & 29, the claim limitation "a compartment disposed within the compartment;" in lines 2-3 is indefinite. The examiner is not sure how a

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compartment can be disposed within itself. The claims will be examined as if they read --a compartment disposed within the housing;--. Appropriate correction is required.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

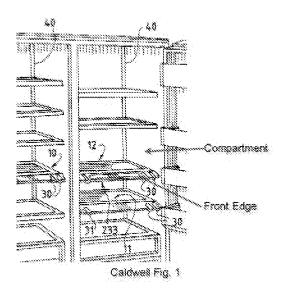
7. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 8. Claims 11-13, 15, 21-23 & 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Caldwell (US patent application publication 2003/0122455).
- 9. Regarding claim 11, Caldwell discloses a chilled goods support (11) for a cooling device comprising a liquid crystal temperature display (233), wherein a supporting element (22) of the chilled goods support acts as a thermal buffer to which the liquid crystal temperature display unit is fixed in a planar manner (Fig. 3A).
- 10. Regarding claim 12, Caldwell discloses a chilled goods support wherein the thermal buffer is formed by a frame (22) mounted on a plate (20) of the chilled goods support.
- 11. Regarding claim 13, Caldwell discloses a chilled goods support wherein the liquid crystal temperature display unit is attached to an outer side of the frame oriented obliquely to the plate (Fig. 3A).
- 12. Regarding claim 15, Caldwell discloses a chilled goods support wherein the frame is injection molded on the plate in one piece (¶ 26).

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13. Regarding claim 21, Caldwell discloses a refrigerator comprising: a housing (100) having side walls (Fig. 1) and a compartment (see annotated Fig. 1) disposed within the housing; a door (Fig. 1) coupled to the housing for opening and closing the compartment; a chilled goods support (11) for supporting goods within the compartment and at least partially defining a region within the compartment (Fig. 1), the chilled goods support extending between the side walls and including a front edge (see annotated Fig. 1) facing the door and having a downwardly sloping surface (Fig. 1); and a liquid crystal temperature display unit (233) disposed on the sloping surface of the chilled goods support indicating the temperature within the region (Fig. 3A).



- 14. Regarding claim 22, Caldwell discloses a refrigerator wherein the chilled goods support includes a plate (20) and a frame (22) extending around the perimeter of the plate.
- 15. Regarding claim 23, Caldwell discloses a refrigerator wherein the plate is formed from a glass material and the frame is formed from a plastic material injection molded on the plate in one piece (¶ 26).

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16. Regarding claim 28, Caldwell discloses a refrigerator further comprising multiple chilled goods supports (11-13) at least partially defining corresponding regions (Fig. 1) above each chilled goods support, each chilled goods support including a front edge (see annotated Fig. 1) with a downwardly sloping surface and a liquid crystal temperature display unit (233) disposed on the sloping surface, the temperature display unit indicating the temperature within the corresponding region (Fig. 3A).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 17. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 18. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 19. Claims 14 & 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Caldwell.

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unobvious from the support of Caldwell.

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20. Regarding claim 14, Caldwell discloses the chilled goods support as claimed. Caldwell does not disclose a chilled goods support wherein a portion of the frame which supports the liquid crystal temperature display unit is an extruded profile. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Caldwell wherein a portion of the frame which supports the liquid crystal temperature display unit is an extruded profile. The claim is a product by process claim and the support does not depend on the process of making it. The product by process limitation "wherein a portion of the frame which supports the liquid crystal temperature display unit is an extruded profile" would not be expected to impart distinctive structural characteristics to the support. Therefore the clamed support is not different and

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21. Regarding claim 16, Caldwell discloses the chilled goods support as claimed. Caldwell does not disclose a chilled goods support wherein the liquid crystal temperature display unit is back-molded with the supporting element. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Caldwell wherein the liquid crystal temperature display unit is back-molded with the supporting element. The claim is a product by process claim and the support does not depend on the process of making it. The product by process limitation "wherein the liquid crystal temperature display unit is back-molded with the supporting element" would not be expected to impart distinctive structural characteristics to the support. Therefore the clamed support is not different and unobvious from the support of

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Caldwell.

22. Claims 17 & 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Caldwell in view of Hammarth et al. (US patent application publication 2003/0086474) (hereinafter Hammarth).

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- 23. Regarding claim 17, Caldwell discloses the chilled goods support as claimed. Caldwell does not disclose a chilled goods support wherein the liquid crystal temperature display unit is divided into a plurality of discrete elements with different color change temperatures. Hammarth teaches a liquid crystal temperature display unit which is divided into a plurality of discrete elements (10, 12, 14, 16 & 18) with different color change temperatures (¶ 15). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the liquid crystal temperature display of Caldwell wherein the display unit is divided into a plurality of discrete elements with different color change temperatures as taught by Hammarth, since it would have replaced one known liquid crystal temperature display with another known liquid crystal temperature display and displayed whether or not the temperature fell within an optimum range or above or below the optimum range.
- 24. Regarding claim 24, Caldwell discloses the refrigerator as claimed. Caldwell does not disclose a refrigerator wherein the liquid crystal temperature display unit is divided into a plurality of discrete elements that change color in response to the temperature within the region. Hammarth teaches a liquid crystal temperature display unit which is divided into a plurality of discrete elements (10, 12, 14, 16 & 18) which

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change color in response to the temperature within the region (¶ 15). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the liquid crystal temperature display of Caldwell wherein the display unit is divided into a plurality of discrete elements which change color in response to the temperature within the region taught by Hammarth, since it would have replaced one known liquid crystal temperature display with another known liquid crystal temperature display and displayed whether or not the temperature fell within an optimum range or above or below the optimum range.

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- 25. Claims 18-20 & 26-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Caldwell in view of Paron et al. (US patent 5,738,442) (hereinafter Paron).
- 26. Regarding claims 18 & 26, Caldwell discloses the chilled goods support as claimed. Caldwell does not disclose a chilled goods support wherein the liquid crystal temperature display unit comprises a display zone in which a transition zone is continuously movable between a low-temperature color and a high-temperature color depending on temperature. Paron teaches a liquid crystal temperature display unit comprising a display zone (18) in which a transition zone is continuously movable between a low-temperature color and a high-temperature color depending on temperature (Col. 2: 42-52 & abstract). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the liquid crystal temperature display of Caldwell wherein the display unit comprises a display zone in which a transition zone is continuously movable between a low-temperature color and a high-temperature color

depending on temperature as taught by Paron, since it would have replaced one known liquid crystal temperature display with another known liquid crystal temperature display and displayed where the temperature fell within an optimum range

- 27. Regarding claims 19 & 27, Caldwell, as modified, teaches a chilled goods support wherein reference marks (Paron: 14) are formed on the supporting element adjacent to the display zone.
- 28. Regarding claim 20, Caldwell, as modified, teaches a chilled goods support wherein the cooling device comprises an interior enclosed by a heat-insulating housing (Fig. 1).
- 29. Claims 25 & 29-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Caldwell in view of Hammarth and Maritan et al. (US patent application publication 2003/0222044) (hereinafter Maritan).
- 30. Regarding claim 25, Caldwell, as modified, teaches the refrigerator as claimed. Caldwell, as modified, does not teach a refrigerator wherein the color of the liquid crystal temperature display unit indicates a type of chilled good that is suitable to be stored on the chilled goods support. Maritan teaches a refrigerator with a support with a display which indicates a type of chilled good that is suitable to be stored on the support (¶ 23). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the display of Caldwell wherein the color of the display indicates a type of chilled good that is suitable to be stored on the support as taught by Maritan, since it would have indicated what shelf was appropriate for storage of a specific good.

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31. Regarding claim 29, Caldwell teaches a refrigerator comprising: a housing (100) having side walls (Fig. 1) and a compartment (see annotated Fig. 1) disposed within the housing; a door (Fig. 1) coupled to the housing for opening and closing the compartment; a plurality of chilled goods supports (11-13) extending between the side walls and spaced vertically apart from one another within the compartment (Fig. 1), each chilled goods support at least partially defining a corresponding region above the respective chilled goods support and including a front edge (see annotated Fig. 1) with a downwardly sloping surface (Fig. 1); a liquid crystal temperature display unit (233) disposed on the downwardly sloping surface of each chilled goods support indicating the temperature within the corresponding region (Fig. 1).

- 32. Caldwell does not disclose each liquid crystal temperature display unit changing color in response to the temperature within the corresponding region wherein the color of the liquid crystal temperature display unit indicates a type of chilled good that is suitable to be stored on that respective chilled goods support.
- 33. Hammarth teaches a liquid crystal temperature display unit changing color in response to the temperature (¶ 15). Maritan teaches a support with a display which indicates a type of chilled good that is suitable to be stored on the support (¶ 23). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the display of Caldwell wherein each display unit changes color in response to the temperature within the corresponding region as taught by Hammarth and wherein the color of the display indicates a type of chilled good that is suitable to be stored on

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the support as taught by Maritan, since it would have indicated what shelf was appropriate for storage of a specific good.

34. Regarding claim 30, Caldwell teaches a refrigerator wherein the chilled goods support includes a plate (20) formed from a glass material and a frame (22) extending around the perimeter of the plate and being formed from a plastic material injection molded on the plate in one piece (¶ 26).

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to DANIEL ROHRHOFF whose telephone number is (571)270-7624. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Darnell Jayne can be reached on 571-272-7723. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/D. R./ Examiner, Art Unit 3637 5/16/2011 /JANET M WILKENS/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3637